(b) if so, what are the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH) : (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. There is a proposal to amend Delhi Land (Restriction on Transfer) Act, 1972 to provide for prior permission in writing of the competent authority and registration of the Power of Attorney under Registration Act, 1908 in the case of lands notified under Section 4 and Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

Illegal Occupation of Land in Delhi

496. SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA : Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) what is the approx area of public land under illegal occupation of the land grabbers in Delhi at the beginning of 1985 and how many new cases of land grabbing (with area involved in each case) were detacted during the years 1985 and 1986 ;

(b) in what manner the land illegally occupied has been utilised/is being utilised by the land grabbers ;

(c) what are the Govrnment agencies responsible to check the land grabbing incidents in the city and what is the coordinating agency for the purpose ;

(d) what is the approx. area of land under illegal occupation that has been got vacated so far and what are the reasons for the failure to get the remaining land vacated ; and

(e) what steps are being contemplated by Govrenment to make the law, if any, in this regard more stringent to check land grabbing and also to fix responsibility for the laxity in checking such incidents ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) to (e) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of th Sabha.

Decline in the production of the Steel plants managed by Steel Authority of India Limited

497. SHRI KAPIL VERMA :
SHRI RAM CHANDRA VIKAL :
SHRI SHANTI TYAGI :

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether there has been a decline in the production of steel in the steel plants managed by the Steel Authority of India Limited during the first six months of the current year as compared to the corresponding period of the previous year; if so, what is the quantum or percentage of decline and what are the reasons therefor;

(b) the extent of production likely to be achieved as against the target set for this year by SAIL ; and

(c) whether Government propose to give greater autonomy to the SAIL, if so, what are the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI K.C. PANT): (a) The production of saleable steel during the first six months of 1986-87 at the five integrated steel plants of SAIL was 75,000 tonnes or 3% lower than the production at these plants in the corresponding period of 1985-86. The reasons

for lower production are :—

1. Severe power restrictions from DVC.

2. Problems of adjustment to change work practices adopted to achieve better organizational and technological discipline.

3. Oxygen shortage at Bokaro due to damage to a turbo compressor on account of an accident in July, 1986.

4. Fire in July 1986, in the new captive power plant of Bokaro, this put Unit No. 1 out of commission.

5. Break-down in Blast Furnace No. 6 of Bhilai during September. 1986, leading to its stoppage for 19 days.

(b) The saleable steel production target of the SAIL steel plants for 1986-87 was 7.2 million tonnes against which SAIL expects to produce about 6.55 millon tonnes.

(c) Government have decided to give larger autonomy to SAIL to further improve its functioning and to increase its accountability to Government. It is envisaged that an Annual Performance Plan consisting of annual targets and product-mix will be drawn up between the Ministry and SAIL, and SAIL will be held accountable for shortafalls in production, profits and proper maintenance of equipment. It will also be required to draw up and adhere to a Schedule of project implementation so as to ensure that progress is closely monitored. SAIL seeks to generate its own resources for capital investment. Based on this plan SAIL will be given an additional financial powers for capital investments and will be competent to sanction replacements and renewals of assets upto Rs. 50 crores and additions and new investments upto Rs. 20 crores. It will also be delegated powers to introduce shemes for incentives, rewards, voluntary retirement, retrenchment etc. subject to the total annual expenditure on these shemes not substantially exceding their present percentage to basis wage and D.A. for the year.

बाढ़ से प्रभावित व्यक्ति

498. **श्री रामाचन्द्र विकल** : क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) चालू वर्ष के दौरान बाढ़ से राज्यवार कितने-कितने व्यक्ति प्रभावित हुए हैं, सरकार द्वारा बाढ़ से प्रभावित लोगों को राहत पहुचाने के लिए राज्यवार दी गयी सहायता का ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) क्या सरकार बाढ़ संभावित राज्यों के बारे में स्थायी आधार पर उपचारी कदम उठाने का विचार रखती है ?

कृषि मंत्रालय में कृषि और सहकारिता विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री योगेन्द्र मकवाना): (क) राज्य संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से प्राप्त अस्थायी जानकारी के अनुसार 1986 के मानसून अवधि के दौरान 483 लाख से अधिक व्यक्ति बाढ़, समुद्रों तूफान से प्रभावित हुए हैं। राज्य वार जानकारी संलग्न विपणन में दी गई है (**नीचे देखिये**)

(ख) 1986 के मानसून अवधि के दौरान प्रभावित राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों के लिए अब तक मंजूर किए गए बाढ़ राहत संबंधी व्यय की राज्य-वार उच्चतम सीमाएं नीचे दी गई हैं :—

1. आन्ध्र प्रदेश	132.37
2. पंजाब	18.08
3. राजस्थान	7.59
4. केरल	26.67
5. महाराष्ट्र	5.86
6. पांडिचेरी	0.44